

THE EVENING BULLETIN.

VOLUME XX.

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SUZERAIN AUTHORITY.

Conditions Required of Cuba Before She Can Be Free.

FULL TEXT OF THE ULTIMATUM.

Franchises Granted During Military Control Must Be Valuated, United States Coaling Station and Other Stipulations — In Congress.

Washington, Feb. 25.—The entire senate committee on relations with Cuba agreed on an amendment to the army appropriation bill regarding Cuba. There will be no minority report and no opposition is expected from the Democrats in the senate. It is the general sentiment that the agreement makes an extra session of congress unnecessary.

Senator Platt (Conn.) chairman of the committee on relations with Cuba, reported to the senate the amendment agreed upon, the text of which is:

In fulfillment of the declaration contained in the joint resolution approved April 20, 1898, entitled "for the recognition of the independence of the people of Cuba, demanding that the government of Spain relinquish its authority and government in the island of Cuba and to withdraw its land and naval forces from Cuba and Cuban waters, and directing the president of the United States to use the land and naval forces of the United States to carry these resolutions into effect," the president is hereby authorized to leave the government and control of the island of Cuba to its people as soon as a government shall have been established in said island under a constitution which either as a part thereof or in ordinance appended thereto, shall define the future relations of the United States with Cuba as follows:

1. That the government of Cuba shall never enter into any treaty or other compact with any foreign power or powers which will impair or tend to impair the independence of Cuba, nor in any manner authorize or permit any foreign power or powers to obtain by colonization or for military or naval purposes or otherwise, lodgment in, or control over, any portion of said island.

2. That said government shall not assume or contract any public debt, to pay the interest upon which and to make reasonable sinking fund provision for the ultimate discharge of which the ordinary expenses of government shall be inadequate.

3. That the government of Cuba consents that the United States may exercise the right to intervene for the preservation of Cuban independence, the maintenance of a government adequate for the protection of life, property and individual liberty and for discharging the obligations with respect to Cuba imposed by the treaty of Paris on the United States now to be assumed and undertaken by the government of Cuba.

4. That all acts of the United States in Cuba during its military occupancy thereof are ratified and validated and all lawful rights acquired thereunder shall be maintained and protected.

5. That the government of Cuba will execute and as far as necessary extend, the plans already devised or other plans to be mutually agreed upon for the sanitation of the cities of the island, to the end that a recurrence of epidemics and infectious diseases may be prevented thereby assuring protection to the people and commerce of Cuba, as well as to the commerce of the southern ports of the United States and the people residing therein.

6. That the title of Pines shall be omitted from the proposed constitutional boundaries of Cuba, the title thereto being left to future adjustment by treaty.

7. That to enable the United States to maintain the independence of Cuba and to protect the people thereof as well as for its own defense, the government of Cuba will sell or lease to the United States lands necessary for coaling or naval stations at certain specified points to be agreed upon by the president of the United States.

8. That by way of further assurance the government of Cuba will embody the foregoing provisions in a permanent treaty with United States. The amendment was referred to the committee on military affairs.

It can be stated on high authority that the Cuban amendment to the army appropriation bill is satisfactory to the president, and its adoption by congress will avoid the necessity for an extra session.

Senate Proceedings.

At the opening of the session the senate agreed to a conference upon the postoffice appropriation bill, Senators Wolcott, Chandler and Butler being named as conferees.

The senate also agreed to a confer-

ence on the diplomatic and consular appropriation bill and Senators Hale, Cullum and Teller were named as conferees. A senate bill creating the eastern division of the northern judicial district of Georgia was reported from the judiciary committee by Mr. Bacon (Ga.) and passed. A resolution offered by Mr. Gallinger of the committee on pensions authorizing that committee to make an examination of all laws granting pensions to soldiers, their survivors and dependants; to make investigation of special pension legislation and to make any other inquiry on the general subject of pension legislation as the committee may deem desirable, was adopted.

Mr. Pettus (Ala.) made a point of order against the Philippine amendment to the army bill. The point of order was submitted to the senate and it was decided that the Philippine amendment was in order, the vote being ayes 39, noes 23. Mr. Vest (Mo.) offered an amendment to the Philippine provision to the effect that "no judgment in order or in act, by any of said officials, so appointed, shall conflict with the laws and constitution of the United States." This gave rise to considerable debate. Mr. Spooner contended the amendment was unnecessary.

In the House.

The house entered upon the last week of the session with a full attendance of members and throngs of spectators. Mr. Dayton (W. Va.) called up the conference report on the naval appropriation bill. It was only a partial report agreeing to about two-thirds of the items in dispute between the two houses. The conference report was adopted. Mr. Rixey (Va.) then moved that the house recede and concur in the senate amendment striking out the provision for two battleships and two cruisers. Pending action on this motion, the senate amendments were non-concurred in. It was arranged that there shall be an hour of debate on each side on the Rixey motion. Mr. Dayton vigorously opposed it. He contended that to strike out the authorization for new ships would check the building up of the navy and open up a long controversy over the various types of ships, armor plate, etc. Mr. Rixey argued that the senate appropriation was eminently fair. It simply proposed to postpone the building of the new ships until the next session of congress.

DANES DICKERING.

Agreed on Proposal to Sell Islands To United States.

Copenhagen, Feb. 25.—A satisfactory understanding has been reached by the conferees of the ministry and of the financial committee of the rigsdag regarding the sale of the Danish West Indies to the United States. The result, it is understood, will shortly be communicated to the Washington government in such a form it is thought here that it will prove acceptable. The Danish proposal, it is expected, will include some new suggestions but nothing, it is stated, calculated to defeat the conclusion of the convention.

Pago-Pago Pier.

San Francisco, Feb. 25.—Robert Tibbitts, the contractor who has been seven months building the United States government coaling station and pier in the harbor of Pago-Pago, Samoa islands, has arrived here. He says the pier and other structures costing \$400,000 will be turned over to the government in about three months. The pier is 365 feet long and 80 feet wide. It is made entirely of steel. On the shore just back of the projecting pier is a large steel building with a capacity for 10,000 tons of coal. Another similar building is to be erected. Mr. Tibbitts declares that there is no doubt that Pago-Pago is the finest coal station in the world.

Canadians Extradited.

Washington, Feb. 25.—A decision was rendered in the United States supreme court in the cases of Fred Lee Rice, Frank Rutledge and Thomas Jones, holding that they are subject to extradition to Canada. The case has attracted considerable attention because it raised an international question. The men were arrested in Chicago as fugitives for offenses committed in Ontario, Canada, and upon an effort made to extradite them they sought to secure a writ of habeas corpus on the ground that the United States commissioner who heard their cases had received them on information and belief, and that this proceeding is not justifiable in extraditions.

Urbana, O., Feb. 25.—Fire of incendiary origin started in E. B. & W. R. Patrick's building occupied by a department store, spread to adjoining buildings causing an aggregate loss of \$75,000. The property of the National bank, including the plant of the Urbana Daily Times-Citizen, was totally destroyed.

PREACHER LED A MOB.

Forceful Exemplification of Loving His Enemy as Himself.

MOB WORE MASKS LIKE FOOTPADS.

In this Raid on a Wholesale Liquor Store One of the Smashers Was Probably Mortally Wounded Carried at Large Again.

Topeka, Kan., Feb. 25.—As the result of a raid on the Curtis wholesale liquor house by a mob of men, J. W. Adams, a carpenter, lies at the hospital in a precarious condition from a pistol shot wound and probably will die. Dr. M. R. Mitchell and the Rev. F. W. Emerson are under arrest as leaders of the mob. The liquor house is almost a wreck.

The mob numbering about 60 men heavily armed with revolvers, sledge hammers, crowbars and a battering ram and with faces masked, broke into the wholesale liquor house of Cash Curtis and began destroying the stock of liquor. Three policemen drove the mob back by firing their revolvers into the air to frighten the smashers. Several members of the mob also fired revolvers and J. W. Adams received two bullets in the breast. He sank to the ground unconscious and was removed to a hospital. The Rev. W. F. Emerson was taken to police station, where he was booked under the charge of resisting an officer. He was allowed to go on his own recognizance. Dr. Mitchell accompanied Adams to the hospital and was allowed to stay and administer to him without giving bond.

The officers claim Adams was shot by his own crowd while he was retreating from the store. At the hospital Adams regained consciousness and claimed he was shot by one of the policemen.

Policeman Boyles was the first officer at the scene of the smashing. Policeman Connors was close behind him. "When we arrived," said Boyles, "the crowd yelled 'Mob,' 'Hang 'em,' 'Burn 'em.' I arrested Dr. Mitchell and Mr. Emerson, who seemed to be the leaders. When I got there they stopped carrying out the beer. Dr. Mitchell was giving orders. All the crowd had white handkerchiefs tied over their faces, but Dr. Mitchell's and Rev. Emerson's handkerchiefs came off. I went to where they were throwing out the stuff and told them to stop. The crowd fell back toward Jackson street and the shooting commenced. I shot twice in the air. Adams was running towards the crowd when he was shot. He had a sledge and a steel bar in his hands. He did not say a word when he fell."

Before the officers arrived 30 cases and two kegs of beer had been smashed and the debris was scattered over the yard. When the mob left the broken cases and smashed beer bottles were carried into the building and a man stood guard near the building with a shot gun.

Carrie Out of Jail.

Topeka, Kan., Feb. 25.—Mrs. Nation was released from the county jail in time for her to go to Peoria to edit the Peoria Journal one day, for which she is to be paid \$150. Mrs. Nation received several urgent telegrams requesting her to come to Peoria and her determination not to give bond could not hold out against the requests and so the last of the crusaders is out of jail. Before she left here, Mrs. Nation heard about the Topeka smashing. Her only comment was "Praise God." Mrs. Nation was accompanied by Mr. Russell, a temperance orator from Ohio.

Aluminum Deck.

Glasgow, Feb. 25.—It is learned that aluminum will be used for the deck of the Shamrock II, with a view of saving ton weight. On top of the aluminum plates the whole deck will be covered with a thin sheeting of wood, this serving the double purpose of protecting the metal from the corroding effects of salt water and giving the crew a better foothold.

Death of an Aged Woman.

Lacyville, O., Feb. 25.—Nancy McKinley, who was born at Brownsville, Pa., Aug. 19, 1800, died here. She came to Ohio in 1814 and married in 1819. Her husband died 50 years ago and she survived all of her children except one. She is survived by 11 grandchildren, 21 great-grandchildren and one great-great-grandchild.

Miners Strike.

Scranton, Pa., Feb. 25.—The 809 employees of the Dolph Coal company at Winton, struck because the company failed to pay the 10 per cent increase in wages to a number of its miners as agreed when the big strike last October was settled.

SMOOTH MR. CARNEGIE.

Contracted to Build Railroad While Syndicate Sought Options.

Pittsburg, Feb. 25.—The oft-repeated threat of Andrew Carnegie to build a trunk line into Pittsburg and the long promised entry of the Wabash road into this tonnage center, are at last assured facts. The Carnegie Steel company has entered into an agreement with George J. Gould, principal owner of the Wabash railroad; Joseph Ramsey, jr., vice president and general manager; Myron T. Herrick, chairman of the Wheeling and Lake Erie, and a dozen Pittsburg capitalists, to furnish them a heavy tonnage to the west and southwest if they will build and lease lines that will connect Pittsburg with Toledo, the present terminus of the Wabash. The new railroad must be started within six months and the contract will continue 20 years. The road will cost \$15,000,000. Other heavy tonnage contracts in the Pittsburg district are guaranteed. This agreement assures a new railroad outlet for Pittsburg to the west, despite the fact that J. Pierpont Morgan and the Vanderbilt-Cassatt-Cowen railroad combination has the Carnegie interests tied up under an option to sell. The contract was signed three weeks ago and at a time when the Morgan interests were clamoring for an option on Carnegie's holdings.

Small Ante But No Limit.

New York, Feb. 25.—Articles of incorporation of the United States steel corporation were filed at the office of the county clerk of Hudson county, New Jersey. This concern is the Morgan-Carnegie combine. Its objects are to manufacture steel, iron, copper and other materials and to own, occupy and develop mines, and to own means of transportation. It is provided that the corporation shall not own a railroad in the state of New Jersey. The incorporators are Charles C. Cluff, William J. Curtis and Charles McVeagh. The total authorized capital stock is \$3,000, divided into 30 shares of \$100 each. Provision is made that the stock may be increased at any time.

EDWARD IN GERMANY.

King of England at the Bedside of His Sick Sister.

Frankfort-on-the-Main, Feb. 25.—King Edward arrived here early in the morning and was received by the staff of the British consulate. After breakfasting his majesty strolled about the station platform, awaiting the arrival of Emperor William. The greeting exchanged by the monarchs was most cordial. At 9 o'clock the king and the emperor boarded a train and proceeded to Cronberg.

Brother and Sister.

Cronberg, Feb. 25.—King Edward and Emperor William arrived here safely and drove in a sleigh to Fredrichshof, where the emperor bid farewell to the king and returned to Homberg. King Edward proceeded to the bedside of his sister, the dowager Empress Frederick, mother of Emperor William.

King Edward remained with his sister a quarter of an hour. His majesty on leaving betrayed no special anxiety and it was deduced therefrom that he was favorably impressed with the dowager empress' condition. Later there was a luncheon at which 17 persons sat down. Emperor William, who had in the meantime driven over from Homberg, sat next to King Edward at the center of a long table.

Mora Outwitted.

Managua, Nicaragua, Feb. 25.—Frederick Mora, a Costa Rican who took refuge in Nicaragua about a year ago, attempted to invade Costa Rica with some enemies of President Zevalaya, of Nicaragua. As soon as the Nicaraguan government received information of this exploit the secretary of state advised the Costa Rican government of the intended invasion. The result was Mora's defeat and capture on the frontier by Nicaraguan troops. Mora is imprisoned in Rivas.

Pedagogues in Session.

Chicago, Feb. 25.—Prominent teachers from all parts of the country, members of the department of superintendence of the National Educational Association, are here to attend the annual meeting of the organization in University hall, Fine Arts building. Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday. A number of important educational questions will come before the meeting, among them phonetic spelling.

L. K. Salisbury Indicted.

Chicago, Feb. 25.—The grand jury voted a fresh indictment against Lunt K. Salisbury, city attorney of Grand Rapids, Mich., charging him with larceny as bailie. The case against Salisbury involves \$50,000 which, it is said, was a part of a fund to be used in the securing of a big water contract in Grand Rapids, Mich. It is claimed Salisbury is only one of several prominent persons involved.

NOAH'S GREAT VOYAGE

Oberlin Professor Proves Credibility Of the Bible Account.

RESULT OF RESEARCHES IN ASIA.

Found no Evidence of Glaciation Such as Exist in Europe and America—Revival of Interest in Story of the Deluge.

New York, Feb. 25.—Letters have been received here from the Rev. Dr. George Frederick Wright, the authority on the Glacial period and Biblical geology, telling of the results of his search in Asia for evidences that the deluge covered the whole earth.

Dr. Wright secured a leave of absence from the university at Oberlin, O., and sailed for Japan early last year. He went at once to Siberia and began his work. His son accompanied him as an assistant. The professor went all through Siberia and then to Syria via Ural and the Caucasus mountains. In a letter written at Jerusalem, Prof. Wright said: "The account of the flood in the Bible is not such as to lead us to expect much direct geological evidence of it. A submergence of a year, several thousand years ago, would leave few signs which are not obliterated by time. The Bible history stands on its own merits and has independent value. The main question of geological interest is: Are there insuperable objections to the account? The answer to this question turns upon the geological theories concerning the possible or probable rate which changes of land levels may proceed. Lyell's theory of uniformitarianism has been pushed too far and has had too much influence in discrediting the theory of geological catastrophes. Prof. Prestwich's great work on geology does much to counteract the errors of Lyell and his followers. Catastrophes comparable to the flood are not strange things in geology. The glacial period was connected with a series of catastrophes. I have traveled 12,000 miles in Asia to find evidences of the glacial period and have found none. There was no general glaciation of Eastern and Central Asia, as there was of America and Europe. But I have found indisputable evidence of an extensive submergence of the land extending to the base of Mount Ararat and that this submergence took place subsequent to the appearance of man on earth. The Russian geologists have recently found remains of a man deep down in the deposits connected with this period of submergence. The one point of certainty is that since man's appearance there has been a period of instability in the earth's crust in northern and central Asia which shows that the Biblical account of the flood is an entirely credible story."

The theory of uniformitarianism conceived by the famous geologist Lyell, which Prof. Wright criticizes, is that the stratification of the earth due to different geological periods was in a large measure uniform over the whole earth and the catastrophes were almost no occurrence in the history of the earth's crust. The debate over the Deluge question has been waged 200 years, and Prof. Wright's investigations probably will keep it with energy.

Sank Never to Rise.

San Francisco, Feb. 25.—No more bodies of victims of the City of Rio de Janeiro wreck have been recovered and it is not expected that any will rise to the surface before Thursday or Friday. At the spot where the vessel is supposed to lie the water is 215 feet deep, which is said to be twice the depth at which divers can work. It is thought by expert wreckers that the bodies of those who went down within the ship will never be recovered. The total number of lives lost is now placed at 122 by officials of the steamship company.

Will Be Tried Again.

New York, Feb. 25.—After going over the evidence in the case of Samuel J. Kennedy, whose trial for the alleged murder of Emeline Reynolds resulted last week in a disagreement of the jury, District Attorney Philbin announced that Kennedy will again be placed on trial.

Engineer Suicided.

Ypsilanti, Mich., Feb. 25.—Charles Osborne of Michigan City, Ind., an engineer on the Michigan Central railroad was found dead in bed at a hotel here. An empty morphine bottle was by his side and it is supposed he committed suicide.

Findlay, O., Feb. 25.—Emanuel Sheets, 50, an inmate of the county infirmary, choked to death while eating dinner.

EVENING BULLETIN.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

ROSSER & MCCARTHY,
Proprietors.

SUBSCRIPTION PRICES OF DAILY.
The month..... 25 | Three months..... 75
Six months..... \$1.50 | One year..... \$3.00

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 26, 1901.

THE WEATHER.

[For 24 hours ending at 6:45 a. m.]

TEMPERATURE.

Maximum 47°. Minimum 22°. Mean 34.5°.

PRECIPITATION.

Previously reported.....1.47 inches.

Total to date.....1.76 inches.

Rain......36 inches.

Fair......10 a. m.—Fair to night. Wednesday
partly cloudy and threatening.

"Mrs. NATION cuts with her tongue where she can't use her hatchet," remarks an observer.

Once upon a time a howl went up when there was a million-dollar Congress; and a popular yapper rejoined when there was a half-billion Congress. In the meantime the country and its needs have grown to a greatness not anticipated by the early howlers and the later yappers. And so forth.—Times-Star.

The Times-Star overlooks the fact, however, that the biggest "yappers" now are such eminent Republicans as Senators Hale, Spooner and Allison. But, if the people can stand it, we presume the "yappers" will get along very well.

GAGE'S FOLLY.

The Secretary's Stupid Blunder Will Cost
Iron and Steel Men Millions of
Dollars.

[Chicago Inter Ocean, Rep.]

In 1890 we exported \$100,000,000 worth of manufactured iron and steel products; in 1900, \$200,000,000 worth. Much of this increase went to Russia. There was unusual demand from that country on account of the Siberian railway and the opening of vast territory to commerce.

Through the friendship of the Russian Government, through the superiority of our railway rolling stock, and through our ability to fill heavy contracts promptly, the United States secured the lion's share of this new business. Against the competition of Germany, France and England, Americans secured enormous contracts for railway material and railway equipment, and the reports show that in the year 1900 we exported to Russia iron and steel manufactures alone to the value of \$10,500,000, while our total export trade with Russia increased to over \$50,000,000.

The Russian Government, by removing heavy tariffs and by throwing open Asiatic ports to American trade, did everything in its power to encourage the importation of American manufactures. There was in no department discrimination against us. There was in all railway materials, farm implements and other articles of iron and steel manufacture discrimination in our favor. The friendly disposition of the Russian Government toward the United States was so apparent that German and English manufacturers admitted the American iron masters would soon control not only the markets of Russia, but of the world.

In no department of manufacture have we made such progress as in iron and steel. This progress has been so wonderful that the British, German and French newspapers have engaged in a crusade to rouse Europe against this country. All the governments of Europe, except Russia, have been turned against us. Some of the ablest economic writers of the continent have advocated the formation of a United States of Europe to oppose the United States of America in commerce and manufactures.

All these plans, however, have failed to check our progress—most notably our progress in Russia. It has remained, in fact, for Secretary Gage to strike the heaviest possible blow at American industries. On a technical point concerning the importation of a cargo of Russian sugar, he has opened warfare against the best friend we have in Europe and has embittered the Russian Government to the point of practically closing the Russian market against our iron and steel manufactures. Thus Russia has decreed that hereafter a 30 to 50 per cent. increase of duty shall be levied on these American products.

If Mr. Gage had possessed the political wisdom which is the common property of ordinary ward bosses hereabouts he never could have committed such an act of folly. As it is, he has been guided by neither common sense, business sagacity, political shrewdness, nor diplomatic courtesy. Through mere recklessness or ignorance he has struck a blow not only at our iron masters, but at every workman who has been employed at good wages in our furnaces and foundries. He has paralyzed an export trade amounting to millions, and has absolutely nothing to offer in the way of justification or excuse for his course.

To cure any cough use Ray's Cough Syrup—it's guaranteed.

MR SCOTT'S SPEECH.

He Points Out the Importance of
Independent Tobacco
Factories.

They Are Absolutely Necessary To Insure
Competition and Thus Good Prices
For the Raw Leaf.

One of the strongest speeches delivered at the tobacco fair last Friday in favor of the establishment of a tobacco factory here in Maysville was that of Mr. Thos. M. Scott, of Ghent, Ky., at the court house during the forenoon. Mr. Scott's subject was "The Benefits Derived from Independent Factories," and if the farmers of this section will only read his remarks we believe they will not only be in favor of such a factory here in Maysville, but will be willing to take stock in such an enterprise. Mr. Scott said:

Three things in Kentucky have made her famous for over half a century,—good whisky, fine horses and beautiful women. To-day they might add the fourth star in her galaxy of fame, for she is the greatest tobacco producing state in the world. Thirty-five years ago only a small portion of our State grew this commodity, and what was grown was known as the dark types, which were produced only in limited quantities (compared with to-day) in the southern district and a few of our border counties. About that time the great county of Brown in Ohio originated or discovered the curly types, which were introduced into Kentucky. Manufacturers soon discovered that it was very profitable for manufacturing purposes. They encouraged its growth. Prices were elevated to such a level that nothing in the agricultural life seemed so profitable as its culture. The profits were so great that its production, its area, spread from farm to farm, county to county, until even the famous Blue Grass region "was made to believe that it was more profitable than raising the short-horn cow and the thoroughbred horse. So into tobacco they went. Did it pay? The answer comes from all sources, yes, magnificently. Farms have been bought and paid for. Splendid homes have been secured by men of small, or no means. The merchant and business men have prospered as never before in the history of our State.

Let us review for a moment the history of the tobacco trade during these past thirty-five years. Independent tobacco factories were started almost monthly until they were scattered all over this entire union. Their representatives were to be found upon the floors of our open markets, competing for each hoghead of tobacco that was suitable for their purposes. Profits on the manufactured article were large and it only required shrewd business ability for a small factory soon to become great and her brands famous. Values could never remain low for any great length of time upon the raw leaf. If one factory did not need our product another did. We only had to maintain a reasonable amount of patience to finally get prices that would make the industry profitable. Large competition we had at all times until the last few years, and that meant success for us producers. About ten years ago we first heard of the now great American Tobacco Company. At first we heard that a few factories had consolidated for the purpose of reducing expenses. Time went on. Month by month we heard of other factories being absorbed, until we finally learned that almost the entire sunn and smoking tobacco industry was controlled by this corporation. The next move was the formation of the now great Continental out of the A. T. Co., for the purpose of controlling the plug market. These two giant corporations, capitalized at about \$150,000,000, have absorbed factory after factory until only two or three of the large independent factories remain. Competition on the open markets has been gradually decreasing as each factory has been absorbed.

Not satisfied with lessening competition by the absorption of the factories, with their great business sagacity, the great Continental Company has placed its representatives all through our State, buying direct from the farmer. We are led to sell to this corporation. Why? Because their prices in the country we think a shade better than in the auction markets. So it appears, so it often is, even to-day. Why can this ever be the case? Only because of facts already stated and from the fact that they lower the price on the auction markets by largely withdrawing their competition in order to fix a price to buy in the country. Human nature is human nature. We cannot blame them for this in their corporate capacity. Mr. Rockefeller is quoted as saying, "No trust can live that does not produce or control the production of its raw material." Is this true, is it not but the beginning of the end? By these great corporations going to the country and withdrawing competition from the open markets and buying large quantities of tobacco direct from producers they will finally endanger or destroy the great warehouse business of our cities. These warehouses were started for a two-fold purpose. First, that the producer might have a place to market his great product and have fair competition; secondly, that the manufacturer might have a convenient place for the purpose of selecting his stock. It is possible with these warehouses for a man with very limited capital to enter the manufacturing business, starting, if need be, with but one hoghead of tobacco. If the venture proves successful he can buy more as his trade increases. You force him to go to the country to buy his stocks, he is barred for the want of capital. So soon as the business men engaged in running these immense warehouses find their business likely to prove unprofitable they will use their buildings for other purposes and the capital invested will be turned into other channels of trade. So soon as this is accomplished the trusts will then wholly fix the price we are to receive for our labor. Mr. Rockefeller is quoted again as saying, "To manufacture tobacco does not require brick walls, for it can be manufactured in any old building." But it does require a place from which a stock of the raw leaf can be readily obtained. Well may we question what will save us to these great warehouses in our open markets. Is it the trusts? Is it the banker? Is it any one man? No. The one thing only that will save us to this great industry and the farmers' friend is the independent tobacco factory, for upon them alone and their prosperity stands the future success of the warehouse business as well as the prosperity of Kentucky farmers.

This fact being true let every warehouseman encourage, uphold and do all in his power to promote the growth and development of the independent tobacco factory. Let every business man and every farmer awake to the condition of

our public affairs in these United States, and see to it that the men who are elected to fill the halls of our State Legislature and the halls of the Congress of the United States are men who cannot be bought or sold, who will give us farmers just and fair legislation, who will make billion dollar trusts an impossibility, who will make the combination of capital for the purpose of controlling a product of our soil a felony. You arouse the righteous indignation of our American people and nothing can withstand them. Public sentiment freed Cuba from the tyranny of the Spanish yoke. Public sentiment will pass laws that will dissolve or control the trusts.

Again, my friends, let every business man and every farmer do all in his power to compel these giant corporations that do exist to go to the open markets for their stocks, thereby forcing them to give us fair and legitimate competition on our products.

The independent tobacco factory is the one thing only that guarantees competition on the raw leaf; that guarantees living wages for the producer; guarantees the business as well as the necessities of life; guarantees prosperity for each citizen in the labor producing district; guarantees the very life and existence of the warehouse business.

"ONLY A DELUSION."

Christian Science is So Pronounced by a
Medical Witness.

[New York Times.]

According to Dr. Allan McLane Hamilton, the alienist, a belief in Christian Science is a form of insanity, and he says, furthermore, that this form of insanity is likely to be contagious. The examination of Christian Scientists in the Brush will contest before Surrogate Fitzgerald was suspended part of the day yesterday in order to allow Dr. Hamilton to give expert testimony for the contestants.

As usual, Mrs. Stetson, the First Reader, occupied a front seat at the hearing. She will go on the stand later in the week and, as an "expert" in Christian Science, try to overthrow the testimony of Dr. Hamilton.

The first question asked Dr. Hamilton was the usual long hypothetical question which reviews all the testimony brought out as to the life and habits of the person in question. In answer to this question Dr. Hamilton said that Miss Helen C. Brush was insane at the time she willed nearly all of her property to the Christian Scientists.

"Is it a sign of insanity if a person believes that when the blood is drawn from the body that the person would continue to live?"

"It would amount to an insane delusion."

"Is the belief that a germ disease can be cured by Christian Science an insane delusion?"

"It is."

"Do you believe that a person influenced by such delusions as I have set forth in my question could be of sound mind on other subjects?"

"I don't believe that she was of sound mind in any respect, but I think she could be apparently rational on certain subjects. There are persons engaged in business in this city who have insane delusions on certain subjects."

"On cross-examination Dr. Hamilton was asked:

"Why do you think that Miss Brush was insane?"

"Because of her delusions, one of them being that all of her blood could be pumped out and she could still live."

"Do you consider her belief that she had been cured of consumption by Christian Science an insane belief?"

"I consider that it was a delusion."

"If the treatment Miss Brush received from Christian Scientists had, as a matter of fact, been beneficial, would you then say she was insane when she believed that the treatment had been beneficial?"

"Not if it was a fact," responded Dr. Hamilton. He said he was firm in the belief that Miss Brush was a victim of general insanity.

"And you would say that she was generally insane, even though she could converse freely in German and French, was a reader of high-class literature, and was a skilled musician and was a lover of art?"

"Yes. We have many such persons on the island."

Bucklen's Arnica Salve

Has world-wide fame for marvelous cures. It surpasses any other salve, lotion, ointment or balm for cuts, corns, burns, boils, sores, fclons, ulcers, tetter, salt rheum, fever sores, chapped hands, skin eruptions; infallible for piles. Cure guaranteed. Only 25c. at J. Jas. Wood & Son.

Our Blue Lick.

[Gretna Green.]

The blue lick on the farm of Dr. A. N. Ellis is pronounced the very best. People here who use it say its medicinal properties as a laxative are unsurpassed and that for the stomach it has no equal. It surely has a wonderful effect on the system and chemists pronounce it superior to the celebrated blue lick of Kentucky.

The spring and its surroundings would make one of the greatest health and pleasure resorts in the country and would mean a fortune to the promoters of such an enterprise.

Accessible by river or rail, pleasantly located in a rich fertile valley, people from all over the land would seek it for its enjoyable situation as well as its health benefits.

Petticoats

Muslin, cambric, ruffle with two inch hem headed by seven small tucks, 50c. Two other styles at same price.

Cambric, India linen ruffle tucked and edged with deep torchon on Hamburg, 75c. Seven different styles at same price.

Cambric, lawn ruffle with embroidered Swiss edging and tucks 89c. Five different styles at same price.

Cambric, 11 inch ruffle of sheer lawn trimmed with 1 1/2 inch torchon insertion and 3 inch edge, \$1. Eight different styles at same price.

Cambric, Nainsook ruffle with Hamburg insertion between groups of narrow tucks, embroidered edge, five inch dust ruffle, \$1.25. Seven different styles at this price.

Long-cloth, 18 inch ruffle with three rows of lace insertion. Extra ruffle lace edged around bottom \$1.50. Five different styles at this price.

Other styles at \$1.75, \$1.89, \$1.95, \$1.98, \$2.50, \$2.75, \$3.50, up to \$6.50.

D. HUNT & SON.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—A large, handsome first floor front room, with gas and very large windows. Suitable for a store, dress-making, office, or other light employment. Rent reasonable. Apply at BULLETIN office.

FOR RENT—"The Senate" on Market street; also Murphy's old jewelry stand and Cloney's old jewelry stand on Second. Apply to ERNIE WHITE.

FOR RENT—A four-room flat on Second. Will rent all or any number of rooms. Apply to ERNIE WHITE.

FOR RENT—Cady's photograph gallery, opposite Bank of Maysville. Living rooms attached. Apply to ERNIE WHITE.

FOR RENT—Two-room flat on Fifth street. Apply to ERNIE WHITE.

FOR RENT—Store room, suitable for grocery, situated in the center of eight blocks of residences. No other grocery within four blocks. Apply to ERNIE WHITE.

WANTED.

WANTED—Work—Will do washing and ironing at my home. Apply at No. 11 Grave street. GEORGE A. WALLER, colored.

BASKET BALL.

The Heinies Defeated the Cowboys in a
Closely Contested Game Last
Night—The Score.

The game of basket ball played last night at the Y. M. C. A. Gym. between Heinies and Cowboys was one of the most interesting of the season. Score 17 to 14 in favor of the Heinies. The lineup was as follows:

Heinies—Capt. Robt. Rasp, guard; Wm. Slitz, goal; H. C. Curran, center; Lon Shower, guard; Sam Daugherty, goal.

Cowboys—Capt. Conrad Traxel, guard; Griffith Murphy, guard; Dewees Outten, center; Chas. Helmer, goal; Leon Squires, goal.

Gymnasium classes as usual to-day. Basket ball game after class to-night, between Yankees and Schwartz's Braves.

Cold Wave Coming.

Be ready for it. I am closing out my stock of heating stoves, coal vases and ranges (standard brands) at prices that defy competition. W. F. Power.

Miss Mary Adams, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Adams, of Dover, has been dangerously ill with typhoid fever for the past two months.

At one of the Sunday meetings of the State Y. M. C. A. convention in Louisville, addressed by International Secretary Fred B. Smith, 130 young men were converted.

The late Dr. Isaac R. Best began the practice of medicine at Washington. His widow is a cousin of the widow of Bishop I. N. Gallaher, their maiden name being Barbee.

The A. O. U. W. will meet this evening at Golden Eagle Hall, Glascock building, Second and Sutton, at 7 o'clock. All members are requested to be present.

W. F. THOMAS, M. W.

R. H. Wallace, Recorder.

POYNTE Bros. are the only Maysville distillers selling pure liquors by the quart, gallon or barrel, direct from distillery to consumer. Seven-year-old whisky \$2 per gallon. Age and quality guaranteed. Get the best. Office 126 Market street—Watson's old stand.

Whether Taylor comes back from Indiana or not to establish his innocence, Taylor at Washington will go on in the prices he has established: Seventeen pounds granulated sugar \$1, eight pounds of either Arbuckle or Golden Kio and ten pounds Lion coffee for \$1. This is positive. As to the other Taylor we cannot say.

The annual report of the Trustees of the Eastern Kentucky Lunatic Asylum just out shows that during the year ending September, 1899, 909 patients were in the asylum, of which 424 were white males and 337 white females. Two hundred and seventy-seven were admitted during the year and 209 discharged. The report shows that 34 per cent. of those adjudged insane were cured.

Interesting

That is I am going to make it so for those who want first-class goods at rock-bottom prices. Come and select what you want at prices given below. Not for one day only, but as long as they last, and don't forget that I have stacks of them. But they certainly will go fast at these prices, not merely because the prices are exceedingly low, but also because the goods will give satisfaction.

Best Tomatoes, 8c. per can.
Hudson Sugar Corn, 7c. per can.
Shoe Peg Sugar Corn, very fine, 10c.
Early June Peas, 6c. per can.
Three pound Golden Pumpkin, 7c. a can.
Three pound String Beans, 8c. per can.
Three pound Pie Peaches, 7c. per can.
Three pound Table Peaches, 12c. per can.
Three pound Bartlett Pears, 10c. per can.
Three pound Green Apples, 7c. per can.
1 Gallon Apples, 22c. per can.
Two pound Gooseberries, 7c. per can.
Two pound Blackberries, 7c. per can.
Two pound Blueberries, 7c. per can.
Two pound Raspberries, 8c. per can.
Imperial Rolled Oats, 6c. a package.
American Groats, 6c. per package.
Howers' Oats, 8c. per package.
Self-rising Buckwheat Flour, 8c. package.
Self-rising Pancake Flour, 8c. a package.
Macaroni, 7c. per package.
These are all seasonable goods and the demand for them is increasing every day.

R. B. LOVEL,

THE LEADING GROCER,
Wholesale and Retail.

To Turn Silver Into Money!

Beautiful pattern, Tea Spoons
\$4.50, Tables \$9; Knives and
Forks in proportion. Nice
case given with each set free.
Fine marbelized Clock with
ornament, \$5. Competition
can't touch these prices pre-
vailing at

CLOONEY'S.

Special... Sale...

ODD LOTS OF PICTURE FRAMES.
SEE OUR SHOW WINDOW.

Remnants of Picture Moulding marked down to close out. Have your framing done at this time. GREAT SAVING.

FREE! FREE!

We will give one fine Cabinet Photograph free to each person in the vicinity or county who in seventy years old or over if they will come and sit for the negative—during the month of February only.

J. T. KACKLEY & CO.

Photograph Gallery under same management. New equipments. New work. Large Portraits a specialty.

James N. Kehoe,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

Office: Court St.,

.....East Side.

THE BEE HIVE



Important Announcement....

We desire to inform the people of Maysville, Mason County and vicinity that we have purchased from Messrs. Rosenau Bros. their Maysville store so long and well known as "THE BEE HIVE." It is our intention to run this business in the same progressive way as our predecessors, and respectfully ask for your continued patronage. Watch this space for special announcement in Wednesday's paper.

MERZ BROTHERS.

To Our Many Friends: As Above stated, we have sold to the Messrs. Merz Bros. our Maysville business. We desire to extend to our many friends sincere thanks for their liberal patronage in the past and would bespeak for our successors a continuance of your good will and consideration.

ROSENAU BROS.

INCONTESTABLE POLICIES.

They Are Void Because Against Public Policy—Important Ruling by Judge Harbeson in Regard to Life Insurance.

A very interesting case came up for adjudication in the Circuit Court yesterday. A year or two ago a policy of insurance of \$10,000 was written by the New York Life on the life of Mary J. Weaver, of Cabin Creek. A few months afterwards the policy was matured by her death, but the company refused at first to pay the claim on the grounds that she was not insurable by reason of having consumption in an advanced stage at the time the application was made, and that the policy was obtained by misrepresentation and fraud.

In order to prepare a defense, suit having been instituted on the policy, the company employed Mr. C. P. Vawter to collect such evidence of the condition of the insured at the time the policy was applied for and of the alleged fraud and misrepresentation in the application for the policy as would defat the claim.

Mr. Vawter went to work, hunted up evidence and then filed with the attorneys of the company affidavits showing exactly what he could prove by each witness.

However, after Mr. Vawter had performed his part of the contract, the company, for business reasons it is alleged, declined to go on with the contest in the courts. One reason assigned for such action on the part of the company was a clause in the policy which specified that it should be incontestable from date of issue.

Mr. Vawter was to receive \$500 if he collected evidence sufficient to defeat the \$10,000 claim. Upon the company's failure to pay this, Mr. Vawter instituted suit for the \$500, and the case came up on demurrer in Circuit Court yesterday.

The contention of the company on demurrer was that on account of the incontestable clause in the policy the collection of the claim could not be defeated, no matter what fraud and misrepresentation had been shown. After an exhaustive argument by the attorneys, the court overruled the demurrer, holding that the incontestable clause did not stop the company from contesting the policy for fraud in the application, it being void as against public policy.

The case will probably be taken to the Court of Appeals, and its decision will be awaited with unusual interest, as this kind of clause in an insurance policy has never been construed by the courts heretofore.

Mr. L. W. Galbraith appeared as attorney for Mr. Vawter and Messrs. A. E. Cole & Son for the company.

Mr. Fred Zweigart is seriously ill at his home in the West End.

Working Overtime.

Eight hour laws are ignored by those tireless, little workers—Dr. King's New Life Pills. Millions are always at work, night and day, curing indigestion, biliousness, constipation, sick headache and all stomach, liver and bowel troubles. Easy, pleasant, safe, sure. Only 25c. at J. Jas. Wood & Son's drug store.

The North Fork was frozen over Sunday.

Fine ice was gathered at Washington Monday.

I. W. Downing sold his tobacco to E. R. Kirk at 7 cents.

George Dixon will move to the farm of Col. W. W. Baldwin.

Lexington has raised her saloon license from \$75 to \$100 a year.

Edward Rubenacker sold his crop of tobacco to E. R. Kirk at 8 cents.

Miss Alice Higginbotham has been very ill for several days with the grip.

Mr. and Mrs. A. J. McDougle are ill with the grip at their home in the West End.

Tuesday, April 10, at 7:30 p. m., Ebenezer Presbyterian will meet in the Central Presbyterian Church.

House furnishings and kitchen utensils for sale. Apply Monday and Tuesday to Mr. P. Frankel, 322 Market street.

Chenoweth's cough syrup is recommended for coughs, colds, croup and whooping cough, etc. Twenty-five and 50 cents a bottle.

Mr. L. C. Anderson, formerly of Dover, is a Democratic candidate for Justice of the Peace in the North Middleton precinct of Bourbon County.

At the State Y. M. C. A. convention in Louisville Messrs. R. A. Cochran and Geo. H. Frank, of the local association, were named on committees.

Mr. C. J. Arthur, of Needmore, after about recovering from an attack of the grip, is confined to his room again with a very painful felon on the hand.

Mr. Leslie Lewis, formerly of this city, now of Lexington, and who has a position on the Lexington and Louisville divisions of the C. and O. as a fireman, badly sprained one of his ankles a few days ago in jumping from his engine, to escape injury in a collision.

In the suit in the Circuit Court of William Setters, administrator of Elizabeth Setters, against the city of Maysville, for damages, the plaintiff's petition was dismissed Monday. The suit grew out of the death of Mrs. Setters last summer from injuries by being run over by an electric car.

A handsome set of sterling silver tea spoons, with case, \$3.50, table spoons \$8 per set, forks \$6 per set, of Gorham Manufacturing Co.'s make. Eight-day clock \$2. All goods are sold at prices not equalled anywhere. Made by the best makers and warranted.

MURPHY, the jeweler.

Will Boom His Business.

S. Laval, a merchant, of Dallas, Tex., writes: "I thought I would have to give up business, after two years of suffering from general debility brought on by overwork and long hours, but four bottles of Electric Bitters gave me new life. I can now eat anything, sleep well and feel like working all the time. It's the best medicine on earth." It's a wonderful tonic and health builder for tired, weak, sickly and run-down people. Try it. Satisfaction guaranteed. Only 50c. at J. Jas. Wood & Son's drug store.

HUSBAND DEAD

And Wife at the Point of Death—George Davis Passes Away at His Home at Tolleshoro.

Mr. George Davis, of Tolleshoro, died Monday at 11 a. m., of pneumonia, aged sixty-five years.

The case is an unusually sad one, from the fact that at the time of his death his wife lay critically ill in the same room and was not expected to survive him. She was still alive this morning, however.

Mr. Davis leaves a large family, four sons and seven daughters. Two of the sons reside in Los Angeles.

The funeral will take place to-morrow at Olivet Church.

River News.

A number of gorges are reported at points above here.

On account of the ice most of the packets have gone to the bank. The Indiana laid up last evening at Cincinnati.

The Courier, downward bound, stopped here at 12 o'clock last night and resumed her trip this morning on her old schedule.

Mr. Ben T. Cox will sail for the Philippines March 15th with a regiment of the U. S. regulars. He is now at Fort McKenzie, Wyoming.

Mrs. Dr. Holton has returned to her home near Washington after an illness of several days at the home of Mr. and Mrs. A. J. McDougle.

Morris H. Spencer and Mrs. Maggie Daulton, widow of the late Andrew Daulton, of this city, were married last Thursday at Aberdeen, Squire John Shelton, officiating.

Died, Sunday, Bailey Stronde Woodward, infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Luther Woodward, of Germantown, aged five months. Mrs. Woodward is a relative of Mr. Hays Thomas, of this city.

Rings, from the plain polished bands to the most ornate creations of the designer, set with sparkling diamonds or other glittering gems, anything to suit your taste. We would be pleased to show our beautiful assortment.

BALLENGER, jeweler and optician.

Misses May and Gertrude Martin, daughters of Mr. Joseph Martin, rendered valuable assistance as pianists at the entertainment at the opera house Saturday afternoon by pupils of district school No. 3, very kindly volunteering their services. Their names were unintentionally omitted in yesterday's notice.

Had to Conquer or Die.

"I was just about gone," writes Mrs. Rosa Richardson, of Laurel Springs, N. C. "I had consumption so bad that the best doctors said I could not live more than a month, but I began to use Dr. King's New Discovery and was wholly cured by seven bottles and now stout and well." It's an unrivaled life-saver in consumption, pneumonia, la grippe and bronchitis; infallible for coughs, colds, asthma, hay fever, croup or whooping cough. Guaranteed bottles 50c. and \$1. Trial bottles free at J. Jas. Wood & Son's drug store.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE.

We are authorized to announce JOHN W. ALEXANDER as a candidate for re-election as Representative in the Legislature, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

FOR COUNTY JUDGE.

We are authorized to announce C. D. NEWELL as a candidate for re-election to be office of County Judge, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

FOR COUNTY CLERK.

We are authorized to announce CLARENCE L. WOOD as a candidate for re-election to the office of County Clerk, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

FOR COUNTY ATTORNEY.

We are authorized to announce FRANK P. O'DONNELL as a candidate for re-election as County Attorney, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

SUPERINTENDENT OF SCHOOLS.

We are authorized to announce G. H. TURNIPSEED as a candidate for County Superintendent of Schools, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce E. SWIFT as a candidate for Superintendent of schools in Mason County, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

George W. Blumenthal announces himself a candidate for the office of Superintendent of Public Schools, subject to any action the Democratic party may adopt.

We are authorized to announce C. B. WELLS as a candidate for County Superintendent of Schools, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

FOR SHERIFF.

We are authorized to announce JAMES R. ROBERTSON as a candidate for Sheriff of Mason County, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce THOS. L. BEST as a candidate for Sheriff of Mason County, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

FOR JAILER.

We are authorized to announce I. L. McILVAINE as a candidate for re-election as Jailer of Mason County, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce W. B. MANLEY, of Mayslick precinct, as a candidate for Jailer of Mason County, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

FOR ASSESSOR.

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the nomination for the office of Assessor, subject to the action of the Democratic party. I am from the Lewisburg precinct, which, although the champion Democratic precinct of the county, has heretofore been ignored in the distribution of the offices, and my friends ask that she be recognized in this instance at least by my cordial support. If nominated, I will be elected; if elected, I will faithfully perform the duties of the office—see the people, and not simply copy the old books. HORD LONG.

We are authorized to announce W. H. HAWES, of Mayslick precinct, as a candidate for County Assessor, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce ROBERT PERKINS as a candidate for County Assessor, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce H. W. JEFFERSON as a candidate for Assessor, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

At the earliest solicitation of many friends, I hereby announce myself a candidate for Assessor of Mason County, subject to the action of the Democratic party. J. F. POLLEN, Orangeburg precinct.

We are authorized to announce DOUGLASS McILWAIN as a candidate for County Assessor, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce HENRY R. CHILDS, of Hilltop precinct, as a candidate for County Assessor, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

FOR JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.

We are authorized to announce SAMUEL T. FARROW as a candidate for Justice of the Peace in the Eighth Magisterial district, November election, 1901, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

At the solicitation of many friends in the Seventh Magisterial district of Mason County I hereby announce myself a candidate for Justice of the Peace in said district, subject to the action of the Democratic party. R. B. FAULKNER.

We are authorized to announce M. D. FARROW as a candidate for re-election as Justice of the Peace in the Eighth Magisterial district, Mason County, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

CITY OFFICERS.

FOR POLICE JUDGE.

We are authorized to announce JOHN L. WHITAKER as a candidate for Police Judge of the city of Maysville.

We are authorized to announce W. HENRY WADSWORTH as a candidate for Judge of the Police Court of the city of Maysville at the November election, 1901, subject to the action of the voters of the city.

We are authorized to announce JOHN L. CHAMBERLAIN as a candidate for Judge of the Police Court at the November election, 1901.

FOR CHIEF OF POLICE.

To the voters of the city of Maysville, Ky.: At the solicitation of many friends I beg to announce myself as a candidate for the office of Chief of Police of the city at the election to be held in November, 1901. Your support is respectfully solicited. R. P. B. THOMPSON.

CITY ASSESSOR.

We are authorized to announce JOHN B. ORR, (the carpenter) as a candidate for City Assessor at the November election, 1901.

We are authorized to announce WILLIAM M. DUFFHERY as a candidate for City Assessor at the November election, 1901.

We are authorized to announce JAMES STEWART as a candidate for re-election to the office of City Assessor, at the November election 1901.

I Have Decided to Leave Maysville at Once,

And will offer for sale my entire stock of Clothing and everything contained in store known as Jno. T. Martin & Co.'s Clothing Store, including Fixtures, Tables, desk, Safe, Cash Register, Sewing Machines, &c. These goods will be sold with the view of closing them out, without regard to cost or quantity. City merchants, county merchants and surrounding country merchants, now is your chance if you have CASH. All goods will be marked in plain figures; all sold for cash. None on approval and no exchanges.

I Also Offer One Six-Room Brick Dwelling House, With Stable,

on lot situated on Fourth street, near Limestone, and my farm containing one hundred and thirty-four acres on Hill City turnpike, about three miles from Maysville. All buildings, except tobacco barn and cabin, built by me in the past three years, consisting of a seven-room dwelling, hen house, meat house, carriage house and shop combined, blacksmith shop, double corn crib, stable with six horse and eight cow stalls, center feedway; implement shed and two wagon sheds 10x35 feet. For further information apply at the store.

JNO. T. MARTIN.

Before Buying

Wall Paper

Learn prices at W. H. RYDER'S, 115 West Second street, opposite opera house.

L. H. Landman, M. D.

Of 547 West Ninth Street,

CINCINNATI,

Will be at the Central Hotel, Maysville, Ky., on Thursday, MARCH 7th, 1901, returning every first Thursday in each month.

FOR SALE!

The great draft stallion **MAGNET**. I will sell or trade this grand horse for good young horses. Magnet was foaled in 1889. He is a beautiful bay, weighs 1,800 pounds, in good flesh; fine style and action; good bone and a great breeder. Further description is unnecessary as the horse and his colts are well known all over the country. Call on or address, HOWARD FARROW, 19-3 w4 Mt. Gilead, Ky.

New Spring Goods

Are Now Arriving

.....AT THE.....

New York Store of HAYS & CO.

Come and look at them; our prices are way below others. Read! Read! Good India Linen only 5c., splendid novelties only 8c., dotted Swiss for curtains 10c., White Goods for aprons and children's dresses 5c. on up, fine sheer Dimities 10c. per yard, worth 20; Lace Curtains 45c. worth 60c.; good bleached Table Linen only 25c., worth 30c. **DRESS GOODS**—New Spring shades all wool coverts only 49c. A large stock of black goods very cheap. **CARPETS**, Window Shades, Oil Cloths, cheaper than at other places. Good hemp Carpets 12c. per yard. Linen Window shades 25. Best Table Oilcloth 17c. Heavy Brown Cotton 4 1/2c. Bleached Muslin, best quality Lonedale, Masonville, 7 1/2c.

HAYS & CO.

P. S.—Any lady wishing to purchase a Jacket, Cape or Furs can have them at less than they can be bought elsewhere. To close 25 Fur Scarfs, regular price \$3 now \$1.39.

TOBACCO BEDS



NOW require attention, and though a little early, it is not too soon to think of other out-door work that in the near future will have to be done. We want our friends to know that we have recently received large shipments of Farm and Garden Tools, such as

Hoes, Rakes, Spades, Shovels, Mattocks, Pitch Forks, Etc.

Also a complete line of Whitewash Brushes and WIRE NETTING in all the various widths. Buying in such vast quantities, we can afford to offer special inducements to the retail trade. We again take pleasure in inviting the farmers' attention to the fact that we are city agents for Hall's celebrated Limestone PLOW.

FRANK OWENS HARDWARE COMPANY

Notice.
The Limestone Building Association, having declared a 6 per cent. dividend with the return of the monthly dues, is a good investment. Take stock in the twenty-fourth series.

The Breen Sale.
C. F. Taylor, auctioneer, sold for Thomas Breen, Saturday, the following stock, etc.:

1 old horse.....\$ 30 00
4 steers.....212 00
1 heifer.....31 50
3 calves.....67 50
1 dry cow.....52 00
1 dry cow.....45 00
1 old cow.....55 00
Corn 70c bushel, in the crib. Fodder 32c. shock. Hogs 6c per pound.

Raleston's breakfast foods.--Calhoun's.

JAPANESE PILE CURE

A New and Complete Treatment, consisting of SUPPOSITORIES, Capsules of Ointment and two Boxes of Ointment. A never failing Cure for Piles of every nature and degree. It makes an operation with the knife or injections of carbolic acid, which are painful and seldom a permanent cure, and often resulting in death, unnecessary. Why endure this terrible disease? We Pack a Written Guarantee in each \$1 Box. You only pay for benefits received. 50c and \$1 a box, 6 for \$5. Sent by mail.

JAPANESE PILE OINTMENT, 25c. a Box.
Cured, Piles Prevented, the great LIVER and STOMACH REGULATOR and BLOOD PURIFIER. Small, mild and pleasant to take, especially adapted for children's use. 50 Boxes 25 cents. NOTICE--The Genuine fresh Japanese Pile Cure for sale only by
THOS. J. CHENOWETH, Druggist.

Dr. Anna B. Hewins, THE LADY DENTIST,

Has located permanently in Maysville where she has opened a dental parlor. All kinds of high class painless dentistry done in the most artistic and scientific manner. PRICES RIGHT. Gold crowns and bridge work \$5 to \$10. Best sets of teeth on rubber \$5 to \$15. Gold fillings \$2 and up. Office: No. 23 1/2 West Second street

Woman's Horror

Modest women dread to consult a doctor about diseases peculiar to their sex. They have a horror of private examinations and surgical operations. For this reason treatment of dangerous derangements is neglected. But the Wine of Cardui treatment, which can be adopted at home without the knowledge of any one but the patient herself, is now coming into general use. Women who take Wine of Cardui do not have to submit to a physician's local examination nor to a surgical operation. Wine of Cardui cures in the privacy of the home. No publicity, no cutting and torture and no physician or examination, while Wine of Cardui is quietly building up and strengthening the female organs. Menstruation is regulated, the drains of leucorrhoea stopped and the fallen womb restored to its place. The terrible pains which rack the body are but results of the ailments, which yield so readily to the soothing properties of Wine of Cardui. The medicine that cured Miss Garlen will certainly help you.

Wine of Cardui

Rockford, Tenn., Aug. 16, 1899.
I have suffered from womb trouble for five years. Last spring a year ago I was bedfast for six months. I paid \$32 to one doctor, and he said he had done all he could for me. I had about given up, but called another doctor, who said I would have to have surgical treatment. I decided I might as well die a natural death as that. I happened to get hold of a Ladies' Birthday Almanac, and decided to try your treatment. In nine days after I commenced taking Wine of Cardui and Black-Draught I could walk across my room, and in three weeks I made myself a dress. This was after my neighbors, and even my brothers and sisters, said I would never be any better. I am now in good health.
Miss S. E. GARLEN.

For advice in cases requiring special directions, address, giving symptoms, "The Ladies' Advisory Department," The Chattanooga Medicine Company, Chattanooga, Tenn.

PERSONAL.

—Miss Gladys Bradley is now at Mt. Sterling.

—Miss Emma Luman is spending the week in Cincinnati.

—Mrs. M. S. Dimmitt, of Cincinnati, returned home Monday.

—Mr. T. P. Bradley has been down from Ashland on a visit.

—Mr. Jacob Roser has returned from a business trip to Springfield, O.

—Miss Nora Wadell, of Millersburg, has returned home after a visit at Mayslick.

—Mr. and Mrs. E. T. Beeding and son, of Millersburg, have been visiting at Mayslick.

—Mrs. M. Bernstein and daughter Esther, of Chicago, are visiting her sister, Mrs. S. Straus.

—General Secretary Baker and Mr. J. T. Kackley arrived home last evening from the State Y. M. C. A. convention at Louisville.

—Miss Mamie Minton and Mr. Bayles D. Mathers, who were married in Covington, Feb. 22nd, at the home of the bride's aunt, Mrs. F. M. Smith, and who have been spending a few days here with her parents, will leave for Covington Wednesday afternoon.

The remains of Mrs. Mary Degman were hurried this morning at Charter Oak Cemetery, near Aberdeen. She was the widow of the late Park N. Degman, and died Saturday at her home in Newport.

Washington, D. C., and Return, \$14.
Presidential inauguration, Washington, March 4th. For this occasion the C. and O. Ry. will sell round trip tickets, Maysville to Washington, at one fare, \$14. Children under twelve years of age, \$7. Tickets on sale March 1, 2 and 3. Return limit March 8.

Thinks There's More Money in Cattle Than Tobacco.

Col. Hamilton, of Mt. Sterling, said to the Lexington Leader: "We are feeding 600 cattle in our barns for the coming season. Export cattle are now worth 5 and 5 1/2 cents on the farm which is about equivalent to 6 to 6 1/2 cents in Chicago or New York. The low price of tobacco is converting the tobacco barns into cattle barns, which is more profitable, does not injure the lands, but improves them, and this sheltering of cattle makes them good and fatten faster. Export trade is increasing very fast and there is no limit to the demand."

Clarence Tucker sold 7,000 pounds of tobacco to Jas. Gollenstein at 5 1/2 cents.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of *Wm. D. Gifford*

MARKET REPORTS.

Grain and Stock Prices For Feb. 24.
Chicago--Cattle: Good to prime steers, \$4 00@4 00; poor to medium, \$3 50@4 50; stockers and feeders, \$2 75@4 50; cows, \$2 50@4 30; heifers, \$2 50@4 50; canners, \$1 85@2 50; bulls, \$2 40@4 20; Texas fed steers, \$4 00@4 30; Texas grass steers, \$3 30@4 00; Texas bulks, \$2 50@3 50. Calves \$3 00@4 50. Hogs--Mixed and butchers, \$5 10@5 50; good to choice heavy, \$5 35@5 50; rough heavy, \$5 25@5 35; light, \$5 25@5 45. Sheep and Lambs--Good to choice wethers, \$4 00@4 60; fair to choice mixed, \$3 00@4 10; western sheep, \$4 00@4 60; Texas sheep, \$2 50@3 65; native lambs, \$4 50@5 25; western lambs, \$5 00@5 25. Wheat--No. 2 red, 75¢@76¢. Corn--No. 2, 39¢@40¢. Oats--No. 2, 25¢@26¢.

Cleveland--Cattle: Good to choice smooth dry fed 1,250 lb. steers and upwards, \$4 00@4 80; good to choice smooth dry fed lighter steers, \$4 35@4 50; green half fat steers, 900 to 1,200 lbs., \$4 00@4 25; fair to best heifers, \$3 50@4 25; fair to extra cows, \$2 50@3 50; bulls, \$3 25@3 75. Sheep and Lambs--Choice to extra handy lambs, \$5 45@5 55; fair to good lambs, \$5 00@5 40; culls and common, \$4 25@4 75; good handy wether sheep, \$4 25@4 50; fair to good mixed sheep, \$3 75@4 25; culls and common, \$2 50@3 50; fair to choice yearlings, \$4 25@4 75. Calves--Fair to best, \$6 00@7 00. Hogs--Yorkers, mediums and mixed, \$5 00.

Pittsburg--Cattle: Choice, \$5 30@5 50; prime, \$5 10@5 25; good, \$4 75@5 00; tidy butchers, \$4 40@4 65; heifers, \$3 00@4 00; cows, bulls and stags, \$2 50@4 00; fresh cows, \$2 50@5 00. Sheep and Lambs--Choice sheep, \$4 60@4 75; good, \$4 30@4 50; fair, \$4 00@4 25; choice lambs, \$5 30@5 40; common to good, \$4 00@5 25. Hogs--Mediums, \$5 65@5 70; best Yorkers, \$5 60@5 65; light Yorkers, \$5 55@5 60; heavy hogs, \$5 00@5 65; pigs, \$5 40@5 50.

Buffalo--Cattle: Exporters, \$5 15@5 50; shipping, \$4 75@5 15; butchers, \$4 25@4 75; cows and heifers, \$3 75@4 25; stockers and feeders, \$3 25@4 25; bulls, \$3 25@4 30. Sheep and Lambs--Best lambs, \$5 50@6 00; fair to good, \$5 25@5 50; culls and common, \$3 50@4 25; mixed sheep, \$4 25@4 75; culls and common, \$2 75@3 50; yearlings, \$4 75@5 00. Calves--\$7 00@7 50. Hogs--Pigs and Yorkers, \$5 70@5 75; mediums and heavy, \$5 60.

New York--Cattle: Steers, \$4 30@5 35; oxen and stags, \$4 00@4 25; cows, \$1 75@3 85; fat heifers, \$4 50. Sheep and Lambs--Sheep, \$3 25@4 65; culls, \$2 50; lambs, \$5 00@5 80; yearlings, \$5 00. Calves--Veals, \$4 25@8 00. Hogs--\$6 05@6 90; choice state hogs, \$6 00. Wheat--No. 2 red, 80¢. Corn--No. 2, 40¢. Oats--No. 2, 31¢. Cincinnati--Wheat: No. 2 red, 79¢. Corn--No. 2 mixed, 42¢. Oats--No. 2 mixed, 27 1/2¢@28¢. Rye--No. 2, 57¢. Lard--\$7 37 1/2. Bulk Meats--\$7 20. Bacon--\$8 37 1/2. Hogs--\$4 10@5 55. Cattle--\$2 25@4 85. Sheep--\$1 75@4 10. Lambs--\$3 70@5 55.

D. HECHINGER & CO.

We were correct when we said a while since that we did not intend having dull January and February business. To be sure, there is no profit, in fact in many instances there are losses on our sales; but we have always had a great weakness to close out one season's stock before the next season comes in, hence

OUR STOCK IS ALWAYS FRESH AND NEW!

There still must be a good many people who have not availed themselves of securing "our kind" of Clothing at the cut prices we are now selling at. Why not come in and buy an Ulster or Overcoat at a price that will

SAVE YOU AT LEAST ONE-THIRD

of the money you will have to pay for it next winter? What an excellent opportunity now to buy a Stein-Bloch or Adler Suit, medium weight, one that you can wear nine months out of the twelve, and buy it for less money than you buy ordinary goods for. We will be benefitted in turning these goods into money,

BUT YOU WILL BE VASTLY MORE BENEFITTED

in buying them. Were we addicted to fake advertising, that so many Clothing men resort to, viz: the fellows who advertise \$10 Suits for \$3.98, we would embellish more. The truth needs no embellishment; you know we only advertise and sell "straight goods."

D. HECHINGER & CO.

THE HOME STORE.

PRIZES

In value are the bargains we are offering to the visitors to the

TOBACCO FAIR.

Take a look at our window and then come in and examine quality of goods.

J. WESLEY LEE.

Try the best 10 cent cigar on the market, "La Aray." Brand registered. G. W. CHILDS.

DELAYS ARE DANGEROUS....

Hundreds testify to the wonderful efficacy of.....

BOND'S

ASTHMA, HAY FEVER and RHEUMATISM

CURE

And all kindred complaints, due to an excess of uric acid in the blood. It accomplishes its wonderful results first, by purifying the blood and counteracting the existing poisons; second, by toning up the kidneys, liver and stomach, and thus enabling them to dispel all foreign and unnatural secretions. Don't delay. At this time of the year everything is conducive to these distressing and treacherous diseases. At the first symptom take this famous medicine. You will find it almost miraculous in its action and positive in its good results.

For sale by Henry W. Ray, J. James Wood & Son and Thomas J. Chenoweth, druggists, Maysville, Ky.

New Goods Just Received.

5 and 10c. Store HAINLINE'S.

A big sale of Handkerchiefs. Look at them, they are on display in window for 3c. Have you seen the new Hair Retainer? We have them; call and see them. New Hair Pins. Aluminum Hair Pins per doz., 5c. Side and Pompadour Combs, 10c. Bells, nice for fancy work. The new Spike, all the go for belts. A bargain in ladies' fine Pocket-books, leather throughout, worth \$1, our price 50c. Hat Pins, 5 and 10c. English Feather Powder per box, 5c. Embroider 14-16s, pr., 5c. Laces, per yd., 2 3/5c. We have a new line for the kitchen also. Meat and Food Choppers. Steel Shelf Brackets. Spring Balances with Pan, just what you need. Only 15c. Kitchen Lamps. Granite Cooking Spoons, Cake Spoons, &c. Heavy Hammer. Dog Collars. Full line of Granite, Tin, Glass and China.

5 and 10c. Store
45 West Second Street.

THE MOST COMPLETE LINE OF

XMAS NOVELTIES...

CAN BE SEEN AT BROWN'S CHINA PALACE.

Ball, Mitchell & Co.,

—Manufacturers of—

Favorite Hillside, Caststeel and Bluegrass Land

PLOWS

Tobacco Screws, Store and Warehouse Trucks, Mill Supplies, Pumps, Heating Stoves and Stove Castings. Repairing of all kinds promptly and satisfactorily done.

Cor. Second and Limestone Sts., Maysville, Ky.
PHONE 190.

PUBLIC SALE!

I will offer at public sale, on the premises near Moransburg, on the Germantown pike,

Friday, March 15, 1901,

at 10 o'clock p. m., the following personal property: One horse, two Milch Cows, one young heifer, fresh in the spring; two yearling Heifers, a lot of Poultry, Farming Implements, Household and Kitchen Furniture, etc. I will also sell my place, containing

Twenty Acres of First-Class Land,

with a good Dwelling House well improved and all necessary Outbuildings. Good orchard and plenty of water on the place. Terms made known on day of sale.

MRS. JULIA FREDIANA.